

ABLE 2024 MINI WORKSHOP

Reflections on Who Belongs in Science:
Curricular innovations implemented
in an intro bio lab class

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Introductions

Context: Intro Bio at Barnard **(STEM majors/Pre-health)**

- Traditional lecture format
- 250-person lecture class (1 hour, 3x weekly)
- 3-hour weekly lab (16 students/section)

Goals: Revise Curriculum to promote Equity and Inclusion

- Create open class climate that promotes peer interactions and relationship building
- Highlight work of diverse scientist perspectives and voices to counteract stereotypes and highlight value of diversity
- Reveal “hidden curriculum”

Modular Activities Implemented in Lab

1.Values Affirmation Writing Reflection

2.Objectivity in Science: Zine Reading and Discussion

3.Undergraduate Research at Barnard College Activity

4.Scientist Spotlight Presentation Project

Activity 1: Values Affirmation Writing Reflection

- Reflect on what values are important and how that shapes the way they live their life
- Evidence that this leads to persistence in STEM classes:
 - promotes self-worth
 - reduces stereotype threat
 - promotes social behavior → larger social network
- See Steele and Aronson, 1995; Miyake et al, 2010; Jordt et al, 2017; Turetsky et al, 2020; Dewsbury, 2020)

Values Affirmation: (Beginning of Semester)

- Modified from Dewsbury, 2020; uses inspiration from “This I Believe” Essays originally from Edward Murrows of CBS News in the 1950s (see thisibelieve.org).



Example 1: Howard White, basketball player; executive at Nike:
thisibelieve.org/essay/48202

Example 2: Sheri White, LGBTQ+ scientist and engineer at Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution:
www.npr.org/2009/02/26/101155458/seeing-beyond-our-differences



Your Turn

Read Handout and take 2-3 minutes to do your own values affirmation writing reflection

Post-Reflection Questions (Handout)

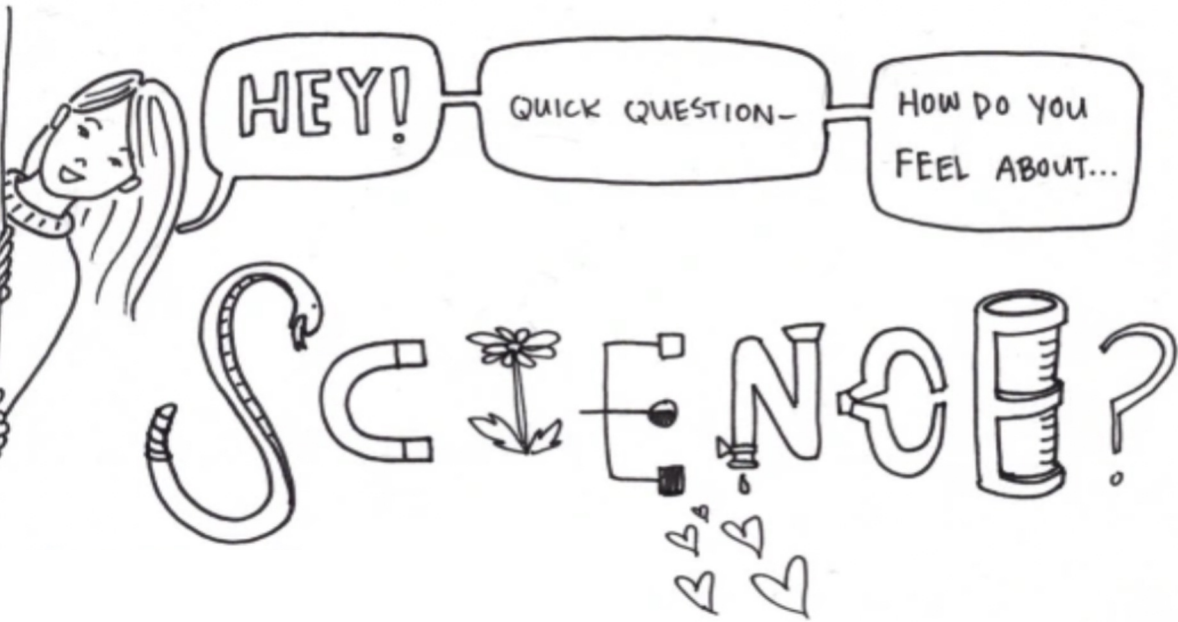
- What did you learn and/or what questions arose while doing the values reflection writing activity?
- What do you think is the main job of a scientist? Describe 2-3 characteristics of scientists that help scientists succeed.
- Do you think that science is “objective”? Explain.

Activity 2:

Objectivity in Science: Zine Reading and Discussion

- Students question how objective science really is
- Who is conducting research?
- Who is deciding which research gets funded?
- Who benefits or is harmed by the research?
- Deep dive on the importance of diverse perspectives in science and highlights how **everyone** belongs in science

“The Objectivity of My Affection” Zine: (Lab 1 Discussion)



Go to: freerads.org/science-scope-ful/

(Read through the “5 main categories of non-neutral parts of science”)

Answer the questions on the handout with your group members

Objectivity Zine Questions (Handout)

- What did you learn about what science is/is not?
- Did the info you read change your perspectives about characteristics of a scientist? Explain
- What were similarities/differences in perspectives among your group members?
- How to deal with the challenges that arise when group work involves diverse group members

Activity 3

Undergraduate Research at Barnard College

- Highlight faculty who run research programs that use undergraduate researchers
- Reveal “hidden curriculum” and level the playing field

Activity 3

Undergraduate Research at Barnard College

- Students work in groups (during lab and/or outside of lab) to research one faculty member curated by us
- Answer questions and/or create short presentation
 - Name of assigned faculty member
 - Main research questions
 - Model organism(s) used
 - 1-2 techniques used
 - How many individuals work in their lab? How many are undergrads?
 - Classes taught at Barnard
 - What stood out to your group when you were learning about this scientist?

Activity 4

Scientist Spotlight Presentations

- Project Goal: shift stereotypes about who does science (see Schinske et al, 2017)
- Scientist Spotlight Initiatives Program:
 - run by a group of students, teachers, and scientists who are committed to making the sciences more inclusive by highlighting diverse voices ([scientistspotlights.org](https://www.scientistspotlights.org))
- Other similar initiatives
 - 500 queer scientists ([500queerscientists.com](https://www.500queerscientists.com))
 - 1000 inspiring black scientists ([crosstalk.cell.com/blog/1000-inspiring-black-scientists-in-america](https://www.crosstalk.cell.com/blog/1000-inspiring-black-scientists-in-america))

Activity 4

Scientist Spotlight Presentations

- Students choose one scientist they find interesting
- Instructor approves choice (no repeats; first come, first-served)
- Create 5-minute presentation to be given during lab later in semester:
 - Name, position, institution
 - Why you chose this scientist
 - Summary of the big picture research agenda/goals
 - Primary Data Description: one specific question/hypothesis + technique used to answer the question + data/conclusions from experiments

Wrap-up

- General questions or comments?

Resources and Further Reading

- Dewsbury, B.M. (2020). Deep Teaching in a College STEM Classroom. *Cultural Studies of Science Education*, 15. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11422-018-9891-z>
- Harackiewicz JM et al (2014). Closing the social class achievement gap for first-generation students in undergraduate biology. *Journal of Educational Psychology*, 106(2), 375–389. <https://doi.org/10.1037/a0034679>
- Jordt et al (2017). Values Affirmation Intervention Reduces Achievement Gap between Underrepresented Minority and White Students in Introductory Biology Classes. *CBE Life Sci Educ*; doi: 10.1187/cbe.16-12-0351.
- Miyake et al (2010). Reducing the Gender Achievement Gap in College Science: A Classroom Study of Values Affirmation; *SCIENCE*; 330(6008); [DOI: 10.1126/science.1195996](https://doi.org/10.1126/science.1195996)
- Schinske et al (2017). Scientist Spotlight Homework Assignments Shift Students' Stereotypes of Scientists and Enhance Science Identity in a Diverse Introductory Science Class; *CBE Life Sci Educ*; <https://doi.org/10.1187/cbe.16-01-0002>
- Steele, C. M., & Aronson, J. (1995). Stereotype threat and the intellectual test performance of African Americans. *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology*, 69(5) <https://doi.org/10.1037/0022-3514.69.5.797>
- Turetsky, K.M. et al, (2020) A psychological intervention strengthens students' peer social networks and promotes persistence in STEM. *Sci Adv*, 6(45); doi: [10.1126/sciadv.aba9221](https://doi.org/10.1126/sciadv.aba9221)